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Illustrates its continuing relevance in the politics of the early Republic. A new look at the Anti-Federalists is particularly timely given the recent revival of interest in this once neglected group, notes Cornell. Now widely reprinted, Anti-Federalist writings are increasingly quoted by legal scholars and cited in Supreme Court decisions—clear proof that their authors are now counted among the ranks of America's founders.

The Anti-Federalists - Patrick Henry - 2005-10-13

Never collected in a definitive form and with contemporaneous pseudonyms, these essays, speeches, and letters warned the dangers inhering in a powerful central government, helping shape the passage of the United States Bill of Rights.

Anti-Federalists Versus Federalists - John Donald Lewis - 1967

The Cambridge Companion to the Federalist Papers - Jack N. Rakove - 2001-01-31

A multifaceted approach to The Federalist that covers both its historical value and its continuing political relevance.

What the Anti-Federalists Were For - Herbert J. Storing - 2008-12-02

The Anti-Federalists, in Herbert J. Storing's view, are somewhat paradoxically entitled to be counted among the Founding Fathers and to share in the honor and study devoted to the founding. "If the foundation of the American polity was laid by the Federalists," he writes, "the Anti-Federalist reservations echo through American history; and it is in the dialogue, not merely in the Federalist victory, that the country's principles are to be discovered." It was largely through their efforts, he reminds us, that the Constitution was so quickly amended to include the Bill of Rights.

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theory. The book will be of interest to students of political philosophy. American government and politics, and especially to those who are engaged in the ratification debates in the state conventions and the Federalist and Anti-Federalist positions. The book is the first detailed examination of the ratification debates, Michael J. Faber presents an alternative perspective on constitutional history. Telling, in a way that previous scholars have not done, the Anti-Federalists and Early American Political Thought offers a fresh look at the Anti-Federalists as they were understood by themselves and by other men and women of their time. His comprehensive exposition of these events makes him well qualified to offer a fresh look at the Anti-Federalists as they were expressed by their Federalist counterparts. “The Anti-Federalists and Early American Political Thought offers insights into a tradition of American political discourse that is relevant to contemporary arguments within political early American history.” -BOOK JACKET.Title Summary field provided by Blackwell North America, Inc. All Rights Reserved

Marijuana Federalism - Jonathan H. Adler - 2020-03-11

One of the most controversial issues in American politics today is the legal status of marijuana. While the use of marijuana remains illegal under federal law, several states have legalized it for medicinal or recreational use. The debate over marijuana policy has heightened tensions and concerns about federalism and the role of the federal government in regulating activities that states have legalized. This book provides a comprehensive analysis of the federal-state relationship in the context of marijuana policy, offering insights into the complex interplay between federal and state authorities. It explores the legal and political implications of marijuana legalization, considering the constitutional and policy dimensions of the issue. The book also examines the role of political actors, including federal and state officials, in shaping marijuana policy and the implications for the federal-state balance of power.
The Rise and Fall of Democracy in Early America, 1630-1789 - John Miller - 1999-01-01

The Rise and Fall of Democracy in Early America traces the rise of democracy in the New World from its inception as an experiment in the
early colony of Jamestown through the ratification of the Constitution. "Is democracy thought in our own time. Among the many insights into our democratic heritage that John Miller affords us in his discussion of the Puritan theory of membership and the Antifederalist theory of autonomous communities, which he himself portrays as "a history of ideas. It is a work of political theory that explores certain early American texts and debates, and how they managed to persuade the country to adopt it. We have lived with the consequences, both positive and negative, ever since.

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turned on whether to adopt the Constitution unconditionally with recommended amendments, or to adopt the Constitution conditionally with a list of required amendments. The sources for Virginia's ratification reveal as never before the intricacies of the debate and the prominence of Virginia to the ratification process. This documentary series is a research tool of remarkable power, an unrivaled reference work for historical and legal scholars, librarians, and students of the Constitution. The volumes are encyclopedic, consisting of manuscript and printed documents—contemporary newspapers, broadsides, and pamphlets—compiled from hundreds of sources, copiously annotated, thoroughly indexed, and often accompanied by microfiche supplements. Pulitzer Prize-winning historian Michael Kammen has noted that The Documentary History of the Ratification of the Constitution series "will be of enduring value centuries hence" and described it as "one of the most interesting documentary publications we have ever had." The American Bar Association Journal has stated, "Each new volume now fills another vital part of the mosaic of national history."

Original Meanings - Jack N. Rakove - 2010-04-21
From abortion to same-sex marriage, today's most urgent political debates will hinge on this two-part question: What did the United States Constitution originally mean and who now understands its meaning best? Rakove chronicles the Constitution from inception to ratification and, in doing so, traces its complex weave of ideology and interest, showing how this document has meant different things at different times to different groups of Americans.

Washington's Farewell Address to the People of the United States, 1796 - George Washington - 1913
Washington's Farewell Address to the People of the United States, 1796 - George Washington - 1913
The Anti-Federalist Papers - George Clinton - 2017-09-22
Anti-Federalist Papers is the collective name given to works written by the Founding Fathers who were opposed to or concerned with the merits of the United States Constitution of 1787. Starting on 25 September 1787 (8 days after the final draft of the US Constitution) and running through the early 1790s, these anti-Federalists published a series of essays arguing against a stronger and more energetic union as embodied in the new Constitution. Although less influential than their written counterparts, The Federalist Papers, these works nonetheless played an important role in shaping the early American political landscape and in the passage of the US Bill of Rights. Odin's Library Classics is dedicated to bringing the world the best of humankind's literature from throughout the ages. Carefully selected, each work is unabridged from classic works of fiction, nonfiction, poetry, or drama.

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