Venereal Disease in Nineteenth Century Historians of Medicine, Public Health, and the Environment, in addition to scholars of race, gender, sexuality.

Women of the highlands were encouraged to reproduce the nation's "more European" stock of workers and to ensure the legal transference of property through legal church marriages - both part of a design to stabilize the coffee exporting project. By contrast, prostitutes and other working women of Puntarenas, many immigrants from "less European" populations of neighboring regions and most in concubinage, were freer to do what the law prescribed - register as prostitutes in legitimate brothels.

This study examines the presentation of suicide within the genre of the eighteenth-century novel. Referencing several key writers of the period, McGuire demonstrates how the "clap," the "pox," and the "scarlet fever" of the title "Surgery, Skin and Syphilis" are used to serve the dual purpose of educating the audience and inspiring them to think about the role of the surgeon within society.

The Female Body in Medicine and Medicine's Profession: Gender and the History of Medicine, Medical Material, and the Bodily Experience of Gender in Medicine

The selected 2010 conference papers assembled in this volume particularly comprise the history of Applications of Science to Medicine, Nursing, Public Health, Illness Prevention, and Care, focusing on the relationship of infertility and the "historic" STIS—gonorrhea, chlamydia, and syphilis—producing surprising new insights in our understanding of medicine and society.

In 1497 the local council of a small town in Scotland issued an order that all light women—women suspected of prostitution—be branded with a hot iron on their face. In 1506 Mary Spongberg—1998-11-01

"Surgery, Skin and Syphilis"

This study examines the presentation of suicide within the genre of the eighteenth-century novel. Referencing several key writers of the period, McGuire demonstrates how the "clap," the "pox," and the "scarlet fever" of the title "Surgery, Skin and Syphilis" are used to serve the dual purpose of educating the audience and inspiring them to think about the role of the surgeon within society.

The Female Body in Medicine and Medicine's Profession: Gender and the History of Medicine, Medical Material, and the Bodily Experience of Gender in Medicine

The selected 2010 conference papers assembled in this volume particularly comprise the history of Applications of Science to Medicine, Nursing, Public Health, Illness Prevention, and Care, focusing on the relationship of infertility and the "historic" STIS—gonorrhea, chlamydia, and syphilis—producing surprising new insights in our understanding of medicine and society.

In 1497 the local council of a small town in Scotland issued an order that all light women—women suspected of prostitution—be branded with a hot iron on their face. In 1506 Mary Spongberg—1998-11-01

"Surgery, Skin and Syphilis"
This important contribution to the study of early modern Chinese fiction and representation of gender relations focuses on literary representations of the prostitute.